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pecuniary outlay in the production. The work is a gift to bryological science by one of its most distinguished cultivators, who, fortunately, was blessed with the means which enabled him to bestow it. He accordingly fixed a price much below the cost, so as to bring the work fairly within the reach of students who may desire it. This policy will still be adhered to for a sufficient time to enable those in this country who need the work to obtain it advantageously. For the present the price of the original volume will be \$14.00; of the supplement \$10.00; of the two together, \$24.00. It is supplied by the American Naturalists' Agency, as well as by Charles W. Sever, Cambridge, Mass., by Westermann & Co., New York, and by Trubner & Co., London.—ASA GRAY.

BOTANY.

INTRODUCTION OF *ULEX EUROPÆUS* IN THE BERMUDAS.—In the winter of 1872-3, I sowed English seed of this shrub in my garden, and a few healthy plants were produced in the course of twelve weeks or so. Leaving for the north for the summer months, I thought it best, to insure their safety, to present them to His Excellency the Governor, Major General Lefroy, whose endeavors to introduce new forms of vegetation into the islands are widely known and appreciated. The plants died during the summer. More seeds were then sown in Government House garden and came up well, and being transplanted into favorable positions, thrived beyond expectation, and in February last I had the pleasure of seeing several plants, arranged as a thicket on a north-western slope, in blossom. Still, I was somewhat skeptical regarding the ultimate result, knowing that this form refuses to grow farther south than the latitude of 42° in the eastern hemisphere, but much to my satisfaction the legumes duly formed, and the seeds became fully ripe at the beginning of this month, so that the plant may now be said to be naturalized in these islands.—J. MATTHEW JONES, *the Hermitage, Bermudas, May 12, 1875.*

ZOOLOGY.

MR. GENTRY'S PAPER ON FERTILIZATION THROUGH INSECT AGENCY.—It is to be regretted that this interesting paper fails just where it might be of scientific value. If Mr. Gentry, who, by the context of the article evidently anticipated cross fertilization, had enclosed a few female flowers in gauze bags, and self